

FIG. 1

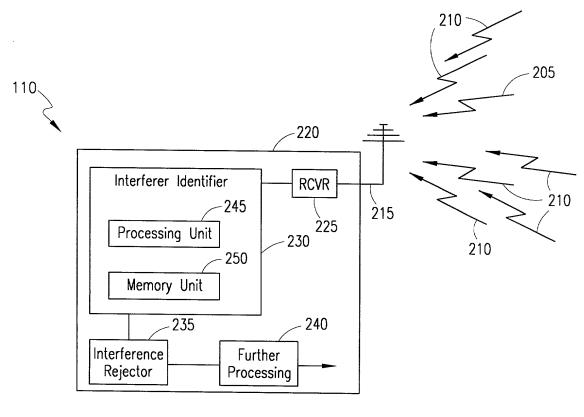


FIG. 2

300 ~

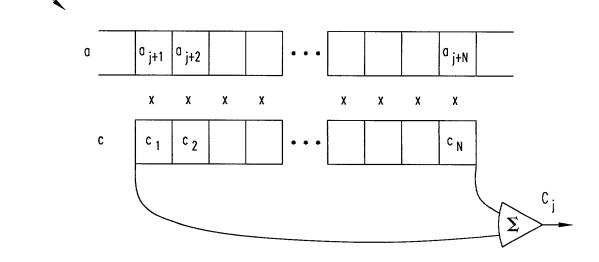
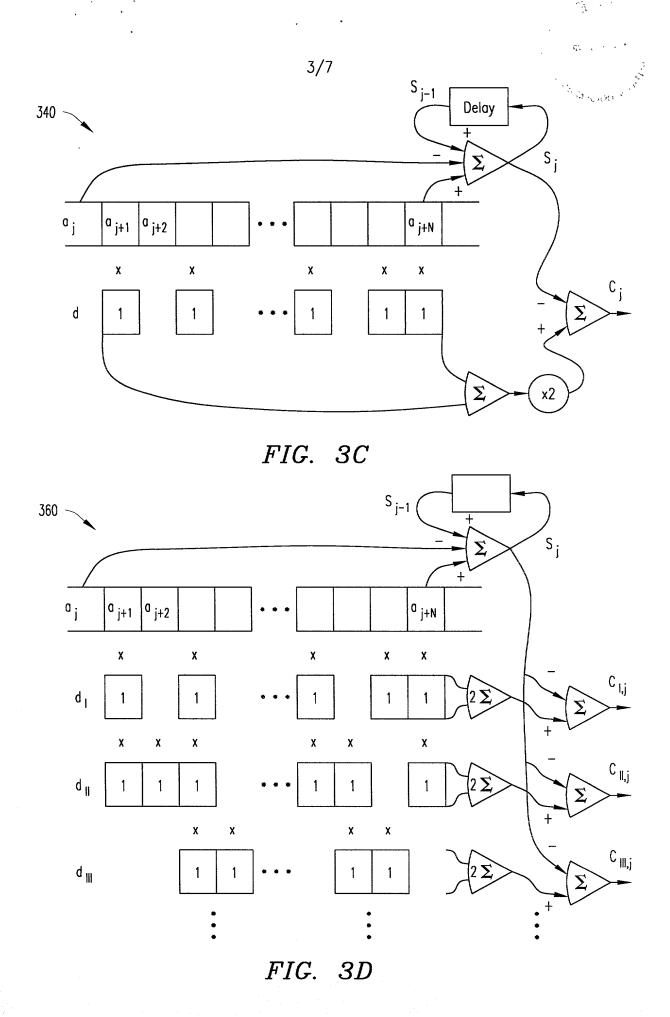


FIG. 3A

	Training Sequences	320
index i	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
Seq. #		
1	1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1	1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1
2	1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1	-1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 1
3	-1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1	1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1
4	-1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1	-1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1
5	-1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1	1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1
6	-1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1	1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 1 1 -1
7	-1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1	-1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1
8	-1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -	-1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1

FIG. 3B



380 -

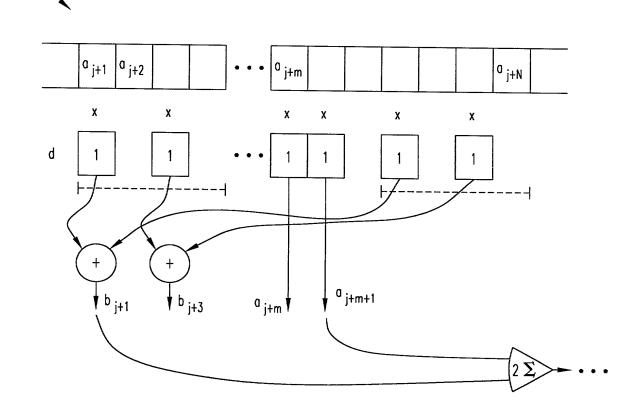


FIG. 3E

400

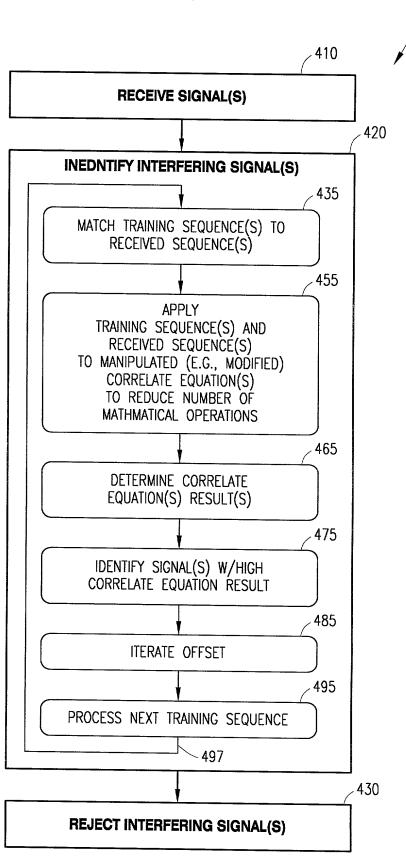


FIG. 4

455A

MODIFY THE CORRELATE EQUATION(S) TO INCLUDE A SUM THAT IS DEPENDENT ON THE RECEIVED SEQUENCE(S) BUT INDEPENDENT OF THE TRAINING

MODIFY THE CORRELATE EQUATION(S) SO THAT ALL **PRODUCTS** CORRESPONDING TO AT LEAST ONE VALUE OF THE **TRAINING** SEQUENCE(S) BECOME ZERO

455B

455D

FIG. 4A

SEQUENCE

FIG. 4B

455C MODIFY THE

CORRELATE EQUATION(S) SO THAT THE NUMBER OF PRODUCTS TO BE CALCULATED IS LESS THAN THE NUMBER OF VALUES IN A **TRAINING SEQUENCE**

MODIFY THE CORRELATE EQUATION(S) BY **ELIMINATING COMMON SUBEXPRESSIONS**

FIG. 4D

FIG. 4C

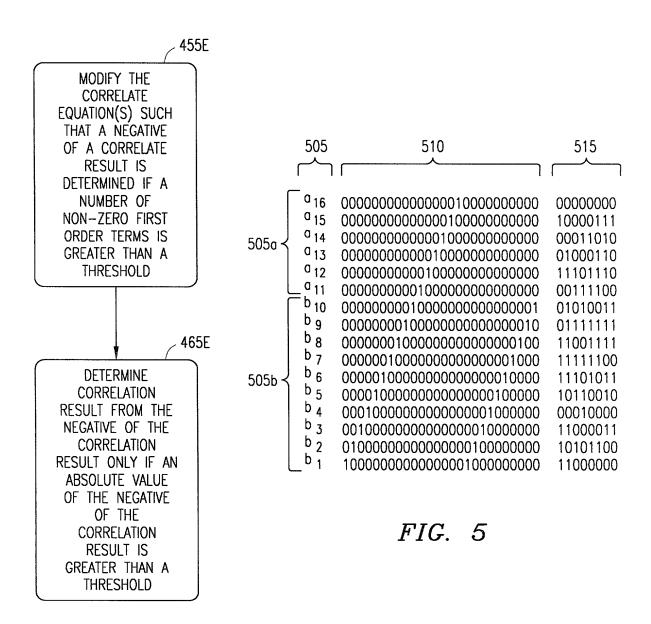


FIG. 4E